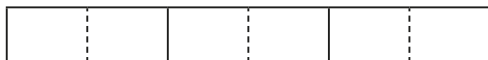


1 Write the lowest common multiple of the pairs of numbers.

- a) 3, 9                      c) 6, 10                      e) 12, 5  
 b) 6, 9                      d) 12, 10                      f) 12, 6

2 a) Use the bar model to show that  $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{6} \equiv \frac{4}{6} + \frac{1}{6}$

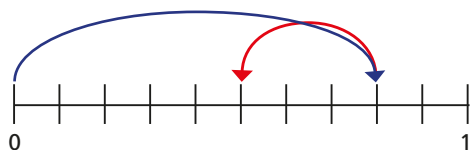


What is the answer to  $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{6}$ ?

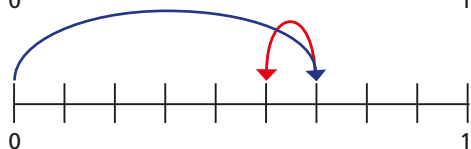
Using the same bar model, work out the answers to the calculations.

- b)  $\frac{5}{6} - \frac{1}{3}$                       c)  $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6}$                       d)  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}$

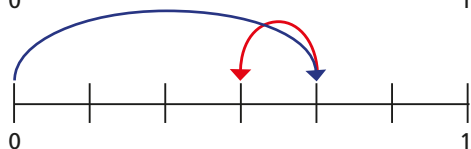
3 Match the number line to the calculation and complete the calculation.



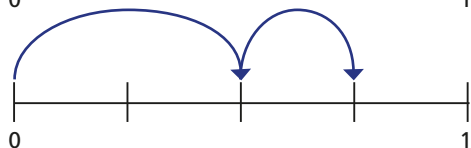
$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} = \square$$



$$\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{6} = \square$$



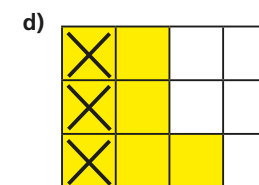
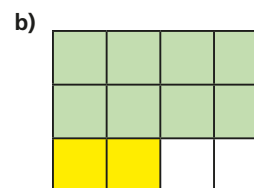
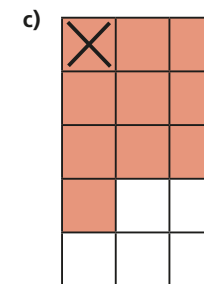
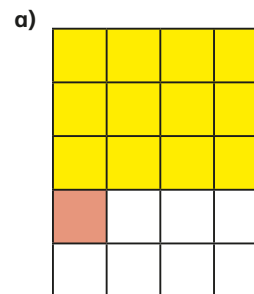
$$\frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{9} = \square$$



$$\frac{4}{5} - \frac{3}{10} = \square$$

Which answers can be simplified?

4 What fractional calculations are the arrays representing? Give all fractions in their simplest form.



5 Which calculation is equivalent to  $\frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{15}$ ?

- $\frac{1.5}{15} + \frac{1}{15}$                        $\frac{1}{30} + \frac{1}{30}$                        $\frac{3}{30} + \frac{2}{30}$                        $\frac{3}{10} + \frac{2}{15}$

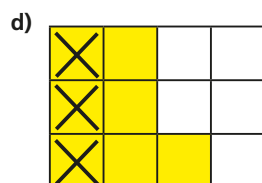
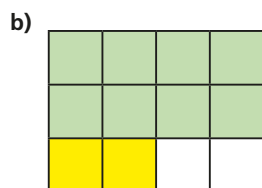
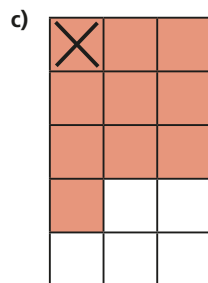
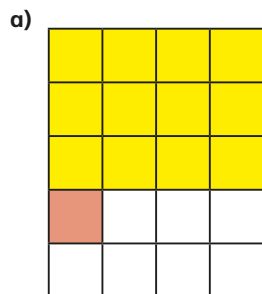
How do you know? Talk to a partner.

6 Work out the calculations using equivalent fractions.

Give your answers in their simplest form.

- a)  $\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{18}$                       c)  $\frac{2}{3} - \frac{2}{9}$                       e)  $\frac{9}{20} + \frac{5}{10}$                       g)  $\frac{7}{10} - \frac{1}{4}$   
 b)  $\frac{5}{9} + \frac{1}{18}$                       d)  $\frac{20}{21} - \frac{3}{7}$                       f)  $\frac{4}{9} + \frac{1}{6}$                       h)  $\frac{4}{15} + \frac{3}{10}$

- 4** What fractional calculations are the arrays representing?  
Give all fractions in their simplest form.



- 5** Which calculation is equivalent to  $\frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{15}$ ?
- $\frac{1.5}{15} + \frac{1}{15}$      
  $\frac{1}{30} + \frac{1}{30}$      
  $\frac{3}{30} + \frac{2}{30}$      
  $\frac{3}{10} + \frac{2}{15}$

How do you know? Talk to a partner.

- 6** Work out the calculations using equivalent fractions.  
Give your answers in their simplest form.

- a)  $\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{18}$      
 c)  $\frac{2}{3} - \frac{2}{9}$      
 e)  $\frac{9}{20} + \frac{5}{10}$      
 g)  $\frac{7}{10} - \frac{1}{4}$   
 b)  $\frac{5}{9} + \frac{1}{18}$      
 d)  $\frac{20}{21} - \frac{3}{7}$      
 f)  $\frac{4}{9} + \frac{1}{6}$      
 h)  $\frac{4}{15} + \frac{3}{10}$

- 7** Work out the calculations.  
Give your answers in their simplest form.

a)  $\frac{5}{18} + \frac{1}{36} + \frac{1}{6}$       b)  $\frac{11}{12} - \frac{11}{30} - \frac{1}{5}$

- 8** Solve the equation  $x + \frac{2}{3} = \frac{7}{12}$

- 9** Here are some number cards.



- a) What is the smallest positive answer you can make using the cards in these calculations?

You can use each card only once per calculation.

$\frac{\square}{20} - \frac{\square}{30}$      
  $\frac{\square}{20} + \frac{\square}{30}$

- b) Where would you put the number cards to make a total of  $\frac{1}{5}$ ?  
What about a negative answer?