Find and use the angle sum of any polygon



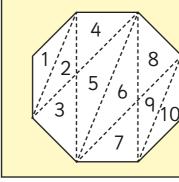
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Complete the table.

Shape	Number of sides	Number of triangles	Sum of interior angles
quadrilateral	4	2	360°
pentagon	5	3	540°
nonagon	9	74	1, 2 60 °
decagon	10	8	۱, ۹ ۵ °
hexagon	6	ч	720°
Octagon	8	6	1,080°
dodecagon	12	10	1,800°

Compare answers with a partner.

Dani is working out the sum of the interior angles of a polygon. Here are her workings.



Do you agree with Dani? _____ Explain your answer.

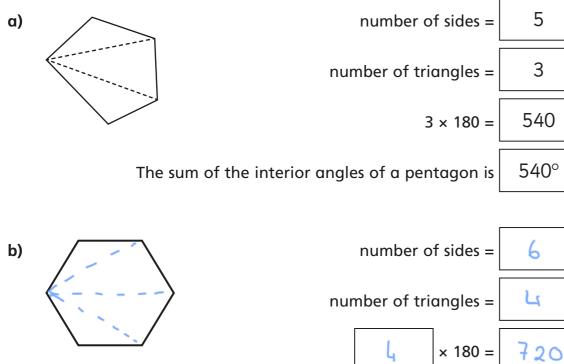
A polygon has *n* sides.

- **a)** Write an expression in terms of n for the number of triangles inside the shape.
- **b)** Write an expression in terms of n for the sum of the interior angles of the polygon.

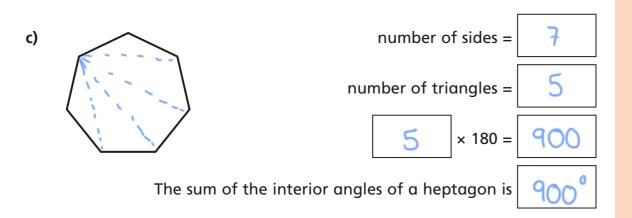
The sum of the interior angles of a triangle is 180°.

Split the polygons into triangles to work out the sum of their interior angles. Your lines should not overlap.

The first one has been done for you.

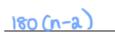


The sum of the interior angles of a hexagon is 720

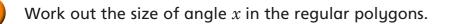


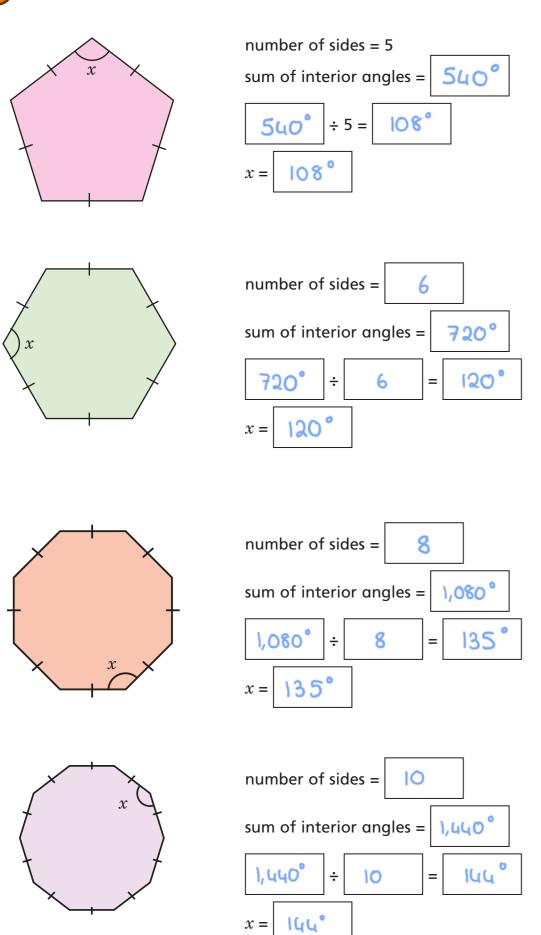
What do you notice about the number of sides compared to the number of triangles?

n-2



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6	The diagram shows an interior angle of a regular hexagon and its adjacent exterior angle.
	 a) What is the size of the interior and b) What is the size of the exterior and Give a reason for your answer.
7	 A regular polygon has 24 sides. a) Work out the size of each interior b) Work out the size of each exterior
8	The diagram is made up of regular polygons. Work out the size of as many angles as you can. Record your answers using correct angle notation. • $\Im \cdot \angle MFE = 60^{\circ}$ $\angle LFE = 120^{\circ}$ $\angle LFM = 60^{\circ}$
	Compare answers with a partner.

