

Subject	Economics			
Title/Topic		Format	Length	Date & Time
Paper 1 – Markets and Business Behaviour		Written paper	1 hour 30 minutes	Wed 1 March 9am – 10.30am (Amb)

This assessment will test my knowledge on...

Economics maths

Percentage change: increase and decrease – new-old/old X 100 = X% (Use 000, of thousands, 000,000 of millions)

Interpret, apply and analyse information in written, graphical and numerical forms Use and interpret quantitative and non-quantitative information in order to make decisions

Indicative content

- Supply and demand: cause of shifting supply and demand curve; factors affecting changing supply and demand; buffer stock
- Price elasticity of supply & demand; XED; causes and changes in PED; price and non-price determinants
- Income elasticity
- Business objectives: Profit maximisation; shutdown (closure)
- Business Costs: fixed, variable, AVC, MC, AC, TC; revenue, revenue maximisation; sales maximisation; profit; profit maximisation, profitability; diagrams
- Efficiency: Productive; Allocative; Dynamic; X-inefficiency; Social; Productive; diagram
- Different types of goods: complimentary, consumer & substitute
- Positive & negative externalities: Diagrams MPS, MPC, MSB; shifting divergent or parallel; purpose and effects of fines
- Satisficing: Objective; profit
- Labour intensive; Capital intensive
- Competitive markets: Two firm game theory; collusion and tacit collusion; three-frim concentration ratio; inter-dependence; barriers to entry & exit; contestability; sunk costs; monopoly: natural; monopsony power; diagrams; government intervention CMA & EU regulations
- Business growth: Mergers & takeovers; backwards vertical, forwards vertical, etc; CMA and EU Competition authorities' issues with mergers & takeovers; divorce of ownership & control
- Economies of scale: internal & external; analysis of EoS
- Opportunity cost & Trade off what is given up as a consequence of a particular decision
- Labour Supply; Wages: NMW, MTR; skills & access to; demographics; cost; flexibility; infrastructure; barriers to labour market; contracts of employment; economic climate; impacts on the economy; impacts of increasing/decreasing



What should I do to revise and prepare for this assessment?

To prepare for this assessment:

- 1. To prepare for this assessment:
- 2. Use the booklets from lessons and exercise books to consolidate notes and create revision cards and mind maps to connect key topics and ideas
- 3. Use the Revision Guides loaned to you to help for revision
- 4. Create or buy flash cards to test yourself with friends & family
- 5. Use previous paper questions, topic test and PPE questions, mark schemes and examiner reports to develop answers
- 6. Use the AQA A-level Economics Revision guide and textbook chapter reading
- 7. Use Past Papers to develop exam question exposure & complete past paper questions from the Home Learning Resource Centre
- 8. Revision apps such as Quizlet, Padlet, Popplet Lite for mind maps
- 9. Focus on your Long essay techniques use of evaluation throughout essay (evaluate every paragraph-point included evaluation PIE)
- 10. Judgements answer the question, judgements must be based on your analysis not your thoughts
- 11. Use past paper practice on the key topics shown in the revision list

What useful websites/resources could I use to help me prepare?

BBC News: www.bbc.co.uk/news/business

Tutor2U: https://www.tutor2u.net/economics/reference/revision-videos

EconPlusDal: <u>https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCQbBh9Jn2IjcSPZOiNKJu0g</u>

Marginal Revolution University:

https://www.youtube.com/@MarginalRevolutionUniversity

AQA A level Economics: <u>https://www.aqa.org.uk/subjects/economics/as-and-a-level/economics-7135-7136</u>

Padlet Resources, revision & reading: https://padlet.com/ctsmiler/AS_Economics https://padlet.com/EconomicsHub/mexez1khgch2 https://mrshearingeconomics.weebly.com/312-business-growth.html https://mrshearingeconomics.weebly.com/33-revenue-costs--profits.html https://soundcloud.com/weeklyeconomicspodcast https://www.piie.com/about-piie https://www.theguardian.com/business/economics